

# PHSE POLICY

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SEPTEMBER 2023 - 2025

**CAPTAIN WEBB PRIMARY SCHOOL**

## Document History

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## Introduction

At Captain Webb Primary School, PSHE (Personal, Social, Health and Economic) education is an embedded part of our broad and balanced curriculum. All schools must provide a curriculum that is broadly based, balanced and meets the needs of all pupils. Under section 78 of the Education Act 2002 and the Academies Act 2010, a PSHE curriculum:

- Promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society, and
- Prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life.

This policy meets the requirements that schools publish a Relationships and Sex Education policy and does this within the wider context of Personal, Social and Health Education.

## Aims of Teaching

At Captain Webb, we teach PSHE as a whole-school approach to underpin children's development as people and because we believe that this also supports their learning capacity. We believe that our curriculum teaches children the fundamental learning blocks and characteristics to create positive friendships, family relationships and relationships with other adults and children.

The aims of the PSHE curriculum at Captain Webb Primary School are:

- To know and understand why families and people who care them are important
- For pupils to treat themselves and others with respect
- To know how important friendships are
- To know and understand how their behaviour affects others
- To know the importance of respecting others
- To understand the importance of having a healthy mind and positive attitude
- To promote good listening and know how to work and play cooperatively
- To understand what a bystander is and how to support someone who is being bullied
- To understand how they are part of a diverse world and the role that they can play in it by being a good citizen
- To understand that certain body parts are private, what they are and use the name for them

## Teaching and Learning of PSHE

At Captain Webb we use The Jigsaw Programme to plan and deliver PSHE lessons. The Jigsaw Programme offers us a comprehensive, carefully thought-through Scheme of Work which brings consistency and progression to our children's learning in this vital curriculum area. This also supports the "Personal Development" and "Behaviour and Attitude" aspects evaluated under the Ofsted Inspection Framework, as well as significantly contributing to the school's Safeguarding and Equality Duties, the Government's British Values agenda and the SMSC (Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural) development opportunities provided for our children. Here, at Captain Webb we value PSHE as one way to support children's development as human beings, to enable them to understand and respect who they are, to empower them with a voice and to equip them for life and learning. We include the statutory Relationships and Health Education within our whole-school PSHE Programme.

At Captain Webb Primary School we allocate every Monday to PSHE each week in order to teach the PSHE knowledge and skills in a developmental and age-appropriate way. These explicit lessons are reinforced and enhanced in many ways: Assemblies and collective worship, praise and reward system, through relationships child to child, adult to child and adult to adult across the school. We aim to 'live' what is learnt and apply it to everyday situations in the school community. Class teachers deliver the weekly lessons to their own classes.

## Creating a safe and supportive learning environment

We will ensure a safe learning environment by adhering to the school golden rules which are displayed in every classroom and ensuring that pupils have the opportunity to ask questions, anonymously if they require. Staff are careful to ensure their personal beliefs and attitudes do not influence the teaching of PSHE. If pupils are to benefit fully from a PSHE programme, they need to be confident speakers, good listeners and effective, sensitive communicators. When the needs of pupils are analysed, of overriding importance are two key areas: they need to feel safe and be safe. A set ground rules will help staff to create a safe and relaxed environment in which they do not feel embarrassed or anxious about unexpected questions or comments from the pupils. They also reduce the possibility of inappropriate behaviour and the disclosure of inappropriate personal information. Each class will establish their own ground rules for PSHE led by the pupils but the main principles that will be within the rules are:

- We listen to each other.
- We do not say or do anything that would hurt another person.
- We do not use people's names within an open forum.
- We signal when we want to say something.
- We may say pass.
- If a game involves touch we may sit and watch before making a decision to join in.

If a child is thought to be 'vulnerable' or 'at risk' and displays so during a PSHE session, the schools normal safeguarding procedure will take place.

### Curriculum Overview and Planning

PSHE is planned in line with lessons that are on the Jigsaw Portal. Every teacher has access to the portal and all the resources. Jigsaw covers all areas of PSHE for the primary phase including statutory Relationships and Health Education. The table below gives the learning theme of each of the six Puzzles (units) and these are taught across the school; the learning deepens and broadens every year. Alongside Jigsaw, teachers use the PSHE knowledge progression grid, to access prior learning to assist in planning.

<b>Term</b>	<b>Puzzle (Unit)</b>	<b>Content</b>
<b>Autumn 1:</b>	Being Me in My World	Includes understanding my own identity and how I fit well in the class, school and global community. Jigsaw Charter established.
<b>Autumn 2:</b>	Celebrating Difference	Includes anti-bullying (cyber and homophobic bullying included) and understanding
<b>Spring 1:</b>	Dreams and Goals	Includes goal-setting, aspirations, who do I want to become and what would I like to do for work and to contribute to society
<b>Spring 2:</b>	Healthy Me	Includes drugs and alcohol education, self-esteem and confidence as well as healthy lifestyle choices, sleep, nutrition, rest and exercise
<b>Summer 1:</b>	Relationships	Includes understanding friendship, family and other relationships, conflict resolution and communication skills, bereavement and loss
<b>Summer 2:</b>	Changing Me	Includes Relationships and Sex Education in the context of coping positively with change

Our wider PSHE Curriculum also covers important topics such as First Aid, Fire and Firework Safety, Financial Education, Knife Crime, Sun Safety, Road Safety and Water Safety.

### Cross-Curricular Links

PSHE is embedded across the curriculum. We provide a broad and balanced curriculum by implementing cross-curricular links where possible, especially those within the Science, Computing and R.E curriculum. Some of the ways that we enrich PSHE is through Art, drama, speaking and listening and other experiences.

Extra-curricular activities are also planned for certain year groups. This includes NSPCC assemblies and workshops and LoudMouth workshops.

### Assessment

At Captain Webb staff are committed to knowing the children well and promoting healthy relationships. Within lesson, assessment will happen through questioning the children either on a 1-1 basis or through a group discussion. Assessment in PSHE will focus on topics such as first aid, road safety, water safety, sun safety and those topics linked closely to science (life cycles, smoking, alcohol etc). Assessment will happen as part of a class discussion, where knowledge remembered will be noted down onto a class mind map by the class teacher. The class teacher will have the responsibility of sending this to the PSHE co-ordinator where this will be collated.

### Equal Opportunities

The DfE Guidance 2019 (p.15) states, "Schools should ensure that the needs of all pupils are appropriately met." All pupils, whatever their experience, background and identity, are entitled to quality PSHE that helps them build confidence and a positive sense of self, and to stay healthy. All classes include pupils with different abilities and aptitudes, experiences and religious/cultural backgrounds, gender and sexual identities. To encourage pupils to participate in lessons, teachers will ensure content, approach, and use of inclusive language reflects the diversity of the school community and helps each and every pupil to feel valued and included in the classroom. We promote the needs and interest of all pupils. The school's approaches to teaching and learning take into account the ability, age, readiness and cultural backgrounds of pupils to ensure all can access the full PSHE provision. We promote social learning and expect our pupils to show a high regard for the needs of others. PSHE is an important vehicle for addressing both multicultural and gender issues and ensuring equal opportunities for all, including those pupils new to English.

### Resources

Captain Webb has provided every teacher with the necessary resources to fully implement the teaching of PSHE. This includes, the Jigsaw scheme of work, relevant text / story books and web links to relevant sites.

### An inclusive approach

Jigsaw is written as a universal core curriculum provision for all children. Inclusivity is part of its philosophy. Teachers facilitate access to the PSHE curriculum through effective adaptive teaching, adult support, and alteration of any resources as necessary. When planning, teachers ensure that they cater for the adaptive teaching within their classroom, through tasks and outcomes for assessment. An essential part of the planning procedure is referring to prior achievement/learning so children know and remember more. Teachers elicit children's ideas and understanding of topics at the start of a new unit of work. (Where appropriate, teachers will follow up children's interests and ideas.) We provide challenging learning opportunities for children to work collaboratively and make choices in their own learning by:

- setting tasks which are open-ended and can have a variety of responses;
- providing resources of different complexity, adapted to the ability of the child;
- using classroom assistants to support the work of individuals or groups of children.
- Children with SEND/EAL children are given appropriate support to access the PSHE curriculum and can respond in different ways.

- All pupils are encouraged to consider their own values and attitudes and those of others, and provided knowledge and opportunities to understand other people.
- Scaffolds, sentence stems etc. are used to alleviate boundaries so that each child can access the main religious concepts.
- Lessons are pitched appropriately to ensure children are able to access the PSHE curriculum.
- Assessment is completed in an appropriate way for each child so that they are able to demonstrate their understanding.
- An understanding of pupils' needs is demonstrated through the range of ways in which the pupils can achieve the lesson objective.
- Revisiting key vocabulary to ensure more knowledge is remembered.
- Pictorial and visual aids to simplify and support understanding of new vocabulary.
- Key vocabulary is drip-fed in activities outside of lessons e.g. assemblies.
- Taking ability into account when grouping children for activities –either setting mixed ability groups or assigning different tasks to different groups.

Teachers refer to the 'Whole School SEND Teacher Handbook.'

<https://www.wholeschoolsend.org.uk/resources/teacher-handbook-send>

#### Role of the subject leader

The PSHE Leader has responsibility for coordinating the subject and ensuring that staff and parents are well informed about the PSHE policy. It is also the role of the Headteacher and Governors to ensure that members of staff receive sufficient training and that PSHE is implemented and evaluated effectively. The PSHE lead will ensure that they are regularly up to date with any changes that may happen to the PSHE curriculum and act upon these and update staff immediately.

#### RSE

The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019, made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, make Relationships Education compulsory for all pupils receiving primary education. Health Education is also compulsory in all schools except independent schools. Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education (PSHE) continues to be compulsory in independent schools. This means that parents do not have the right to withdraw their child from Relationships or Health education. As a school, we also teach Sex and relationship education to interlink with our Science curriculum. Parents do not have the right to withdraw their child from the statutory aspects of the Science curriculum, but may withdraw their child from the non-statutory aspects of Sex and Relationships education through a meeting with the head teacher and the PSHE leader.

#### *The Statutory aspects of Sex Education within the National Curriculum Science*

All schools must teach the following as part of the National Curriculum Science; parents/carers do not have the right to withdraw their child/children from this.

National Curriculum Science:

Key Stage 1:

- identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body (including external genitalia: using the terms Penis, Vulva and also Vagina) and say which part of the body is associated with each sense
- notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults
- describe the importance for humans of hygiene

Key Stage 2:

- describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird
- describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals
- identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions
- recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function
- describe the changes as humans develop to old age

“Parents have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of sex education delivered as part of statutory Relationships and Sex Education” DfE Guidance p.17.

At Captain Webb School, puberty is taught as a statutory requirement of Health Education and covered by in the ‘Changing Me’ Unit). This is taught in Summer 2. We conclude that sex education refers to Human Reproduction, and therefore inform parents of their right to request their child be withdrawn from the PSHE lessons that explicitly teach this i.e. the Jigsaw Changing Me Unit e.g. Year 4, (Having a baby), Year 5, (Conception) and Year 6, (Conception, birth).

Parents and Guardians are informed of the unit content at the beginning of the Summer Term where teacher’s will upload access to the Jigsaw Portal.

### Health Education

*What does the DfE statutory guidance on Health Education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school?*

Health Education in primary schools will cover ‘Mental wellbeing’, ‘Internet safety and harms’, Physical health and fitness’, Healthy eating’, ‘Drugs, alcohol and tobacco’, ‘Health and prevention’, ‘Basic First Aid’, ‘Changing adolescent body’.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education. It is important to explain that whilst the Healthy Me Unit in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Health Education, some of the outcomes are taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g. emotional and mental health is nurtured every lesson. Also, teaching children about puberty is now a statutory requirement which sits within the Health Education part of the DfE guidance within the ‘Changing adolescent body’ strand, and in Jigsaw this is taught as part of the Changing Me Unit. Again, the mapping document transparently shows how the Jigsaw whole-school approach spirals the learning and meets all statutory requirements and more.



## Relationships Education in Primary schools (Appendix) – DfE Guidance 2019

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with particular reference to friendships, family relationships, and relationships with other children and with adults. The references R3/H5 etc can be cross-referenced on the Jigsaw mapping documents and Puzzle Maps to show which lessons throughout Jigsaw contribute to which statutory outcomes. All statutory outcomes are covered in the Jigsaw 3-11 Programme.

The guidance states that, by the end of primary school:

	Pupils should know...	How Jigsaw provides the solution
<b>Families and people who care for me</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• R1 that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability.</li> <li>• R2 the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives.</li> <li>• R3 that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care.</li> <li>• R4 that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up.</li> <li>• R5 that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong (Marriage in England and Wales is available to both opposite sex and same sex couples. The Marriage (Same Sex Couples) Act 2013 extended marriage to same sex couples in England and Wales. The ceremony through which a couple get married may be civil or religious).</li> </ul>	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Relationships</li> <li>• Changing Me</li> <li>• Celebrating Difference</li> <li>• Being Me in My World</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• R6 how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed</li> </ul>	
<b>Caring friendships</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• R7 how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends</li> <li>• R8 the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties</li> <li>• R9 that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others and do not make others feel lonely or excluded</li> <li>• R10 that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right</li> <li>• R11 how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help and advice from others, if needed</li> </ul>	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Being Me in My World</li> <li>• Celebrating Difference</li> <li>• Relationships</li> </ul>
<b>Respectful relationships</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• R12 the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs</li> <li>• R13 practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships</li> <li>• R14 the conventions of courtesy and manners</li> <li>• R15 the importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness</li> <li>• R16 that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority</li> <li>• R17 about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help</li> <li>• R18 what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive</li> </ul>	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Being Me in My World</li> <li>• Celebrating Difference</li> <li>• Dreams and Goals</li> <li>• Healthy Me</li> <li>• Relationships</li> <li>• Changing Me</li> </ul>



	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• R19 the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults</li> </ul>	
<b>Online relationships</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• R20 that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not.</li> <li>• R21 that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous.</li> <li>• R22 the rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them.</li> <li>• R23 how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met.</li> <li>• R24 how information and data is shared and used online.</li> </ul>	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Relationships</li> <li>• Changing Me</li> <li>• Celebrating Difference</li> </ul>
<b>Being safe</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• R25 what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context).</li> <li>• R26 about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe.</li> <li>• R27 that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact.</li> <li>• R28 how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know.</li> <li>• R29 how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult.</li> <li>• R30 how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard,</li> <li>• R31 how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.</li> <li>• R32 where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources.</li> </ul>	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Relationships</li> <li>• Changing Me</li> <li>• Celebrating Difference</li> </ul>

## Physical health and mental well-being education in Primary schools – DfE Guidance

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the characteristics of good physical health and mental wellbeing. Teachers should be clear that mental well-being is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.

By the end of primary school:

	Pupils should know	How Jigsaw provides the solution
<b>Mental wellbeing</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H1 that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.</li> <li>• H2 that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations.</li> <li>• H3 how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.</li> <li>• H4 how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate.</li> <li>• H5 the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental well-being and happiness.</li> <li>• H6 simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.</li> <li>• H7 isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.</li> <li>• H8 that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental well-being.</li> <li>• H9 where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental well-being or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online).</li> <li>• H10 it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can be</li> </ul>	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Healthy Me</li> <li>• Relationships</li> <li>• Changing Me</li> <li>• Celebrating Difference</li> </ul>

	resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough.	
<b>Internet safety and harms</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H11 that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits.</li> <li>• H12 about the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing.</li> <li>• H13 how to consider the effect of their online actions on others and knowhow to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private.</li> <li>• H14 why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted.</li> <li>• H15 that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health.</li> <li>• H16 how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted.</li> <li>• H17 where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online.</li> </ul>	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Relationships</li> <li>• Healthy Me</li> </ul>
<b>Physical health and fitness</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H18 the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle.</li> <li>• H19 the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; for example, walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise.</li> <li>• H20 the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity).</li> <li>• H21 how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health.</li> </ul>	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Healthy Me</li> </ul>
<b>Healthy eating</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H22 what constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content).</li> <li>• H23 the principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals.</li> </ul>	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Healthy Me</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H24 the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health).</li> </ul>	
<b>Drugs, alcohol and tobacco</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H25 the facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking</li> </ul>	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Healthy Me</li> </ul>
<b>Health and prevention</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H26 how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body.</li> <li>• H27 about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer.</li> <li>• H28 the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn.</li> <li>• H29 about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist.</li> <li>• H30 about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing.</li> <li>• H31 the facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination</li> </ul>	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Healthy Me</li> </ul>
<b>Basic first aid</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H32 how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary.</li> <li>• H33 concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.</li> </ul>	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Healthy Me</li> </ul>
<b>Changing adolescent body</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H34 key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes.</li> <li>• H35 about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle.</li> </ul>	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Changing Me</li> <li>• Healthy Me</li> </ul>